## **Geography at Southbourne Junior School**





	Autumn	Spr	ring	Summer
Year 3	History focus	Beyond the Magic Kingdom: what is the Sunshine State really like?  Locational knowledge, place knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Why is the Magic Kingdom the most popular theme park in the world? Where is the Magic Kingdom? Why did the great Maya civilisation of Central America come to an end? Why do tourists come to the Magic Kingdom from some countries and not others? Why is the state of Florida a peninsula? Why is the Kennedy Space Centre in Florida? Why are sea turtles endangered and what is the Florida Turtle Conservation Society doing to protect them? How and why is the climate of the Sunshine State different from where I live? How do Floridians cope with hurricanes?	How can we live more sustainably?  Locational knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  What does being sustainable actually mean? How can we help to make our school more sustainable? Why are we seeing more wind and solar farms in the countryside? How is sustainable development helping the lapwing out of the red? How are solar cookers heping Sunita and her family to live more sustainably?  Identify; describe; observe; reason; explain; understand; make judgements.	Why are jungles so wet and deserts so dry? Locational knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Why is climate different across the United Kingdom? What are the world's climates? How do climate graphs help geographers compare the climate of one place with another? How does the climate affect the plants and animals living in a place? Why is the jungle of the Amazon Rainforest so wet and humid? Why is Arica the driest inhabited place on Earth?  Identify; describe; observe; locate; compare and contrast; reason; explain; understand; draw conclusions.

Year 4	Why do some earthquakes cause more damage than others? Locational knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Why won't Paula and Richard forget 22 February 2011? How has New Zealand been affected by earthquakes in the past? Why does New Zealand have so many earthquakes? Why don't the largest earthquakes always cause the most death and destruction? Why do most volcanoes happen in the same places as earthquakes?	Recognise; identify; describe; observe; locate; explain; understand; draw conclusions; make judgements.  Why do so many people live in megacities? Locational knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  What are megacities and where are they located? Why did Baghdad become the first city in the world with one million people? Why is Milton Keynes the United Kingdom's fastest growing city? Why is Brasilia the fastest growing city in Brazil? How do the advantages of living in a city compare with the disadvantages?  Recognise; identify; describe; observe; locate; compare	On our doorstep: how has Southbourne changed?  Locational knowledge, place knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Why do places change?  How has my local area changed in the past?  How has my local area changed as a result of WW1?  How and why does the quality of the environment change in my local area?  How do NASA satellite images inform us of environmental change on a global scale?  Recognise; identify; describe; observe; locate; reason; explain; understand; record; make
	Identify; describe; observe; locate; explain; understand; record; reach conclusions.	and contrast; reason; explain; understand; reach conclusions; make judgements.	judgements.
Year 5	What is a river?  Locational knowledge, place knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  How does the course of the River Axe change from source to mouth?  How does the course of my local river change from source to mouth?  Why are river estuaries such important places for wildlife?  Why are rivers such an important part of the water cycle?  How has the Isle of Dogs changed since the reign of Henry VIII?  Why is river flooding such a problem in Bangladesh?  Identify; recognise; reflect; describe; compare and contrast; reason and interpret; interpret; explain; understand; measure; record; present; develop	How is climate change affecting the world?  Locational knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Why is Elhaji cleaning shoes on the streets of Banjul? Why can't Olivia afford to insure her home? Why are people living in Starcross making flood plans? Why do Lars and Sofie disagree about how nice the weather is? Why are people all over the world noticing that the weather they are used to is changing? What have the countries of the world agreed to do about global warming?  Identify; describe; reflect; compare and contrast; explain; understand; develop conclusions; make judgements; evaluate.	How do volcanoes affect the lives of people on Heimaey?  Locational knowledge, place knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Where does Saethor take his dog Tiry for a walk every day?  Where do Saethor and Tiry live?  How do geographers describe the Westman Islands?  How does the physical and human geography of Heimaey compare with the area in which I live?  Why are there so few trees on Heimaey?  Why are there volcanoes on Heimaey?  How were the people of Heimaey affected when Eldfell erupted?  Why do the people of Heimaey go on living next to an active volcano?

	conclusions; make judgements; evaluate.		Identify; recognise; describe; observe; locate; reason and interpret; synthesise; explain; understand; develop conclusions; make judgements; evaluate.
Year 6	Who are Britain's national parks for? Locational knowledge, place knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Why are National Parks described as Britain's 'breathing spaces'? What else makes National Parks so important? Why do National Parks welcome visitors? Why is protected land so important in South West England? Why is Merrivale such an important prehistoric site? Why are farmers so important in our National Parks? How are National Parks looked after?  Identify; recognise; describe; observe; compare and contrast; locate; reflect; explain; understand; make judgements; evaluate.	Why are mountains so important? Locational knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Why are the three mountains of Olympus, Mauna Kea and Everest so famous? How were the world's greatest mountain ranges formed? Why is the legend of Mallory and Irvine the greatest unsolved mystery of mountaineering? How are the Cambrian mountains different from the Himalaya mountains? Why is the climate such a challenge for Derek? Why do tourists visit the Cambrian mountains?  Identify; recognise; describe; compare and contrast; locate; reason and interpret; explain; understand; measure; record; develop conclusions; make judgements; evaluate	Why is fair trade fair?  Locational knowledge, human and physical geography, skills and fieldwork.  Why was this road so important two thousand years ago? Why does Marco Polo visit the United Kingdom every eleven weeks?  What does the United Kingdom export to the people of China?  Why isn't trade always fair on some people such as Melvin?  Why is fair trade fair?  Identify; describe; observe; compare and contrast; reflect; explain; understand; make judgements; evaluate